



**News Flash – Test Your Medicare Claims Now!** After you have submitted claims containing both National Provider Identifiers (NPIs) and legacy identifiers and those claims have been paid, Medicare urges you to send a small batch of claims now with only the NPI in the primary provider fields. If the results are positive, begin increasing the number of claims in the batch. (Reminder: For institutional claims, the primary provider fields are the Billing and Pay-to Provider fields. For professional claims, the primary provider fields are the Billing, Pay-to, and Rendering Provider fields. If the Pay-to Provider is the same as the Billing Provider, the Pay-to Provider does not need to be identified.)

MLN Matters Number: MM5897

Related Change Request (CR) #: 5897

Related CR Release Date: February 5, 2008

Effective Date: January 1, 2008

Related CR Transmittal #: R1437CP

Implementation Date: May 5, 2008

## Change in the Amount in Controversy Requirement for Administrative Law Judge Hearings and Federal District Court Appeals

### Provider Types Affected

Physicians, providers, and suppliers submitting claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, DME Medicare Administrative Contractors (DME MACs), Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs), Part A/B Medicare Administrative Contractors (A/B MACs), and/or Regional Home Health Intermediaries (RHHIs)) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries

### Impact on Providers

This article is based on Change Request (CR) 5897 which notifies Medicare contractors of an increase in the Amount in Controversy (AIC) required to sustain Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) and Federal District Court appeal rights beginning January 1, 2008. *The amount remaining in controversy requirement for ALJ hearing requests made before January 1, 2008 is \$110. The amount remaining in controversy requirement for requests made on or after January 1, 2008 is \$120. For Federal District Court review, the amount remaining in controversy goes from \$1,130 for requests prior to January 1, 2008 to \$1,180 for requests on or after that date.*

#### Disclaimer

This article was prepared as a service to the public and is not intended to grant rights or impose obligations. This article may contain references or links to statutes, regulations, or other policy materials. The information provided is only intended to be a general summary. It is not intended to take the place of either the written law or regulations. We encourage readers to review the specific statutes, regulations and other interpretive materials for a full and accurate statement of their contents. CPT only copyright 2007 American Medical Association.



## Background

The Medicare claims appeal process was amended by the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Benefits Improvement and Protection Act of 2000 (BIPA). In addition, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 provides for annual reevaluation (beginning in 2005) of the dollar amount in controversy required for an Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) hearing and Federal District Court review.

Change Request (CR) 5897 revises the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (Publication 100-4, Chapter 29, Section 330.1 and Section 345.1) to update the Amount In Controversy (AIC) required for an ALJ hearing or Federal District Court review. As of January 1, 2008, the amount remaining in controversy must be at least \$120 for an ALJ hearing or at least \$1,180 for a Federal District Court review requested on or after January 1, 2008.

## Additional Information

The official instruction, CR5897, issued to your carrier, FI, RHHI, A/B MAC, and DME MAC regarding this change may be viewed at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/Transmittals/downloads/R1437CP.pdf> on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) website.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, FI, RHHI, A/B MAC, DMERC, or DME MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNProducts/downloads/CallCenterTollNumDirectory.zip> on the CMS website.

**News Flash** - It's Not Too Late to Give and Get the Flu Shot! In the U.S., the peak of flu season typically occurs anywhere from late December through March; however, flu season can last as late as May. Each office visit presents an opportunity for you to talk with your patients about the importance of getting an annual flu shot and a one time pneumococcal vaccination. Protect yourself, your patients, and your family and friends by getting and giving the flu shot. **Don't Get the Flu. Don't Give the Flu. Get Vaccinated!** Remember - Influenza and pneumococcal vaccinations and their administration are covered Part B benefits. Note that influenza and pneumococcal vaccines are NOT Part D covered drugs. You and your staff can learn more about Medicare's coverage of adult immunizations and related provider education resources, by reviewing Special Edition MLN Matters article SE0748 at <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE0748.pdf> on the CMS website.

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